

Why Mercury addition to St. Gabriel

De Nora presentation on October 24, 2002

De Nora – Mercury Energy Saving Program (MESP) Implementation

To

- Reduce Mercury emissions
- Achieve 3 5 years between cell openings
 - Reduce Energy Consumption

Rework existing installation

- > Precision for Min. inter-electrode gap
- > Stability of Performance which reduces Emissions
- > Steps implemented to stabilize performance:
 - Rework / align cell bottom
 - □ Rework / align other cell components
 - Optimize process variables
 - □ Stabilize cathode (Flowing Mercury layer)

ImplementedinalkellknPioneer

- Cell base plate condition
- **◆Impacts of cell base plate**
- **♦**Solution
- **♦**Benefits

- Cell base plate condition
 - Original 1970 installation
 - Corrosion ends / localized
 - Pitting

Not suitable for stable cathode

Stabilize Cathode – Flowing Mercury layer Impacts of cell base plate condition

- > Power consumption:
 - Cannot sustain targeted electrode gap
- Cost (Material / Labor) issues:
 - Damage to anodes
 - Brine washing
 - Mercury flow sensor failure
 - High frequency of cell bottom cleaning
- > Increased maintenance

- **Solution:**
 - Option 1Replace existing with new cell base plates
 - Cost prohibitive
 - Option 2
 - Compensate for aged, corroded & pitted surface by addition of mercury
 - ◆ Save cost on cell base plate replacement
 - Reduce frequency of maintenance
 - Option 2 was preferred

- Additionamercuryinventor@riterion:
 - > Additionathickness 3.0-3.5mm.

Target inventory: 165 flasks / cell

- Measuredbenefits
 - ☐ Frequency for brine washing dropped significantly
 - Cells can be operated at lower energy consumption without damaging anodes
 - □ Mercury flow sensor failure rate dropped dramatically
 - □ Reduction in frequency for cell bottom cleaning

Conclusion

With implementation of De Nora - MESP and addition of Mercury:

- ◆Pioneer has created benefits by reduction in energy consumption & maintenance requirement.
- Mercury emissions are being reduced as an intended consequence.